

# **AUTO-ID DRIVEN CONTROL**

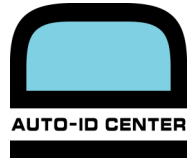
Duncan McFarlane, European Research Director

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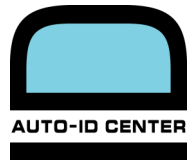


## OVERVIEW

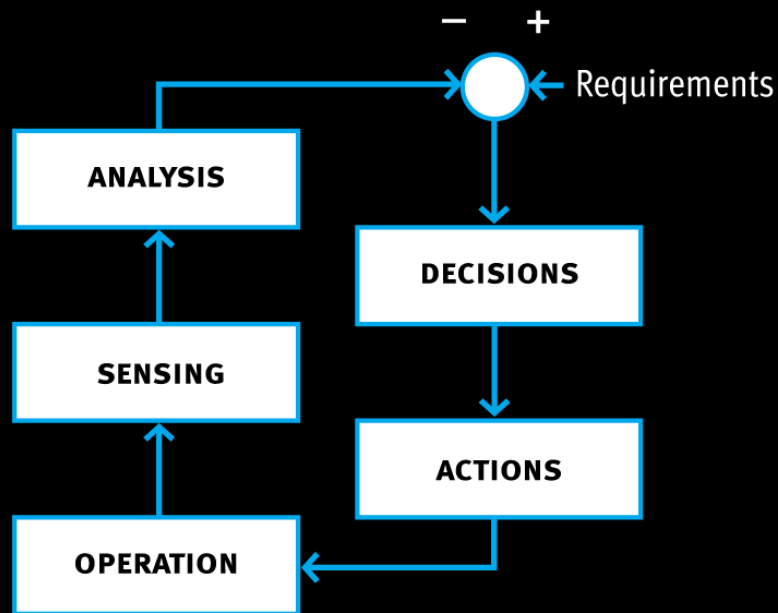
- What are Control Systems?
- What is Auto-ID based control?
- Control Research
- Demonstration Environment



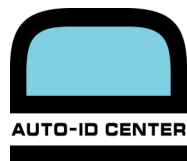
# **WHAT ARE CONTROL SYSTEMS?**



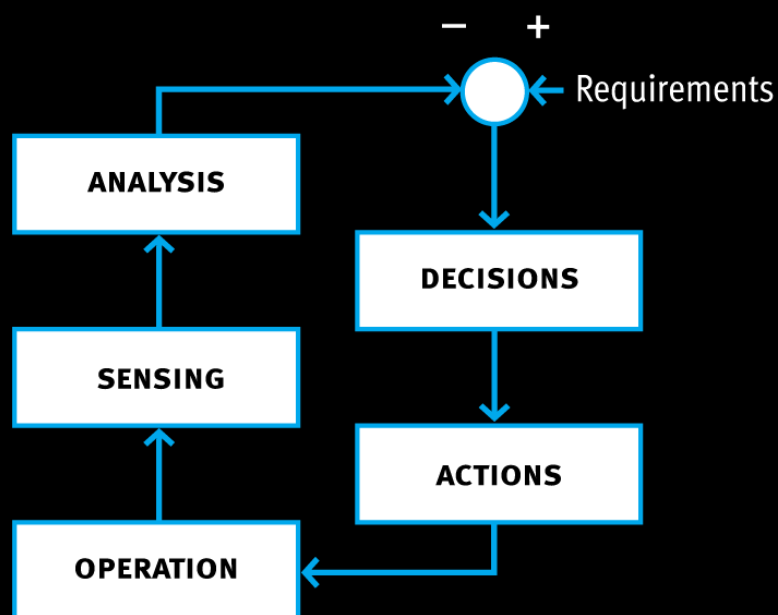
# CONTROL SYSTEMS



- A control system can be defined as:  
The process of adjusting appropriate variables in order to direct the performance of an operation towards a target level
- A control system for a particular operation comprises the following basic features:
  - Sensing (Analysis)
  - Decision
  - Action



## EXAMPLE: TEMPERATURE CONTROL



- Operation – gas boiler providing heat
- Sensing – room temperature
- Analysis – little or none
- Requirements – 20 degrees C
- Decision – how much to increase / decrease gas flow
- Action – adjust gas valve accordingly



# **WHY DEVELOP AUTO-ID BASED CONTROL?**

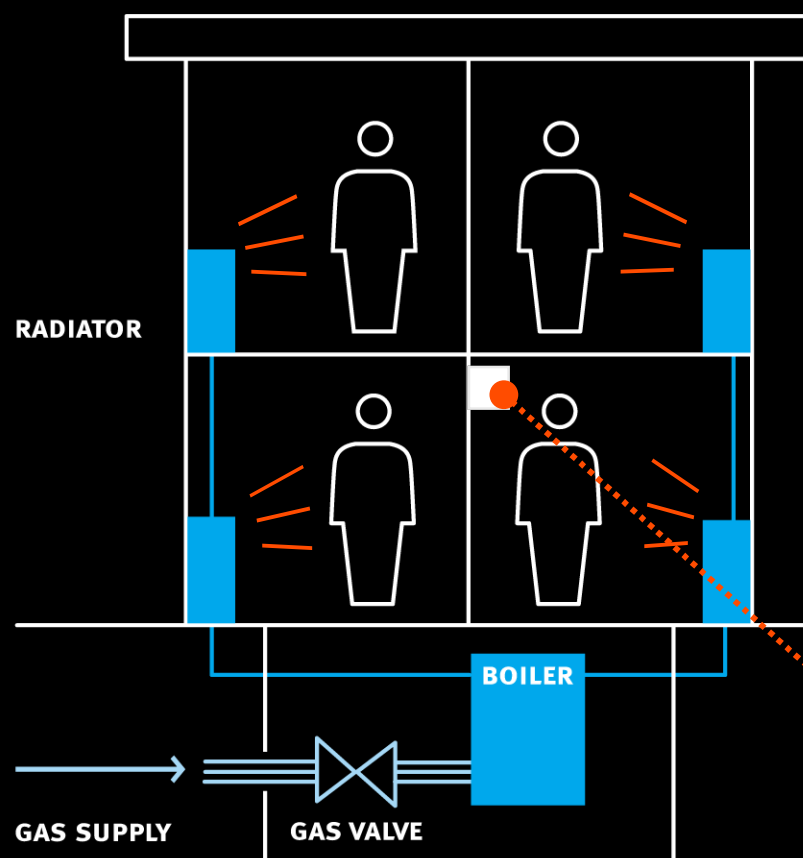


## WHY DEVELOP AUTO-ID BASED CONTROL?

- Auto-ID data is
  - Accurate
  - Item Level
  - Timely
- In control terms this means
  - Reliable performance
  - Ability to capture item level “preferences”
  - Supporting “customised” control



## OPEN LOOP TEMPERATURE CONTROL



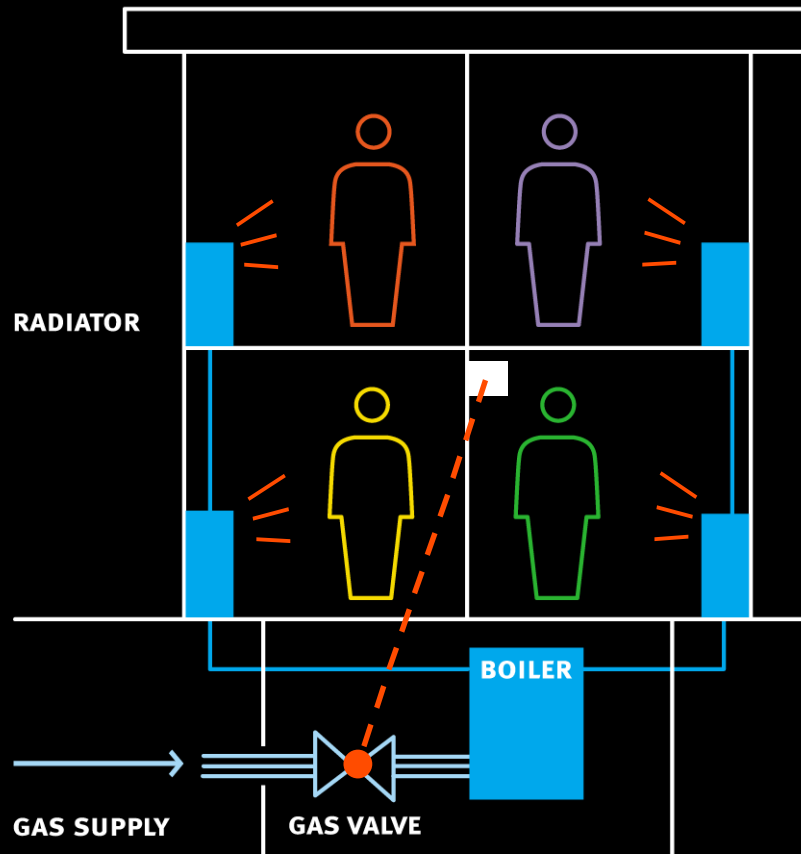
- Predetermined gas valve setting
- Same level of heating independent of temperature
- Equal heating in each room

We can measure temperature, but would like to regulate it!



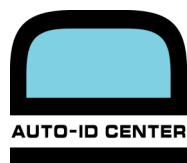


## CLOSED LOOP TEMPERATURE CONTROL

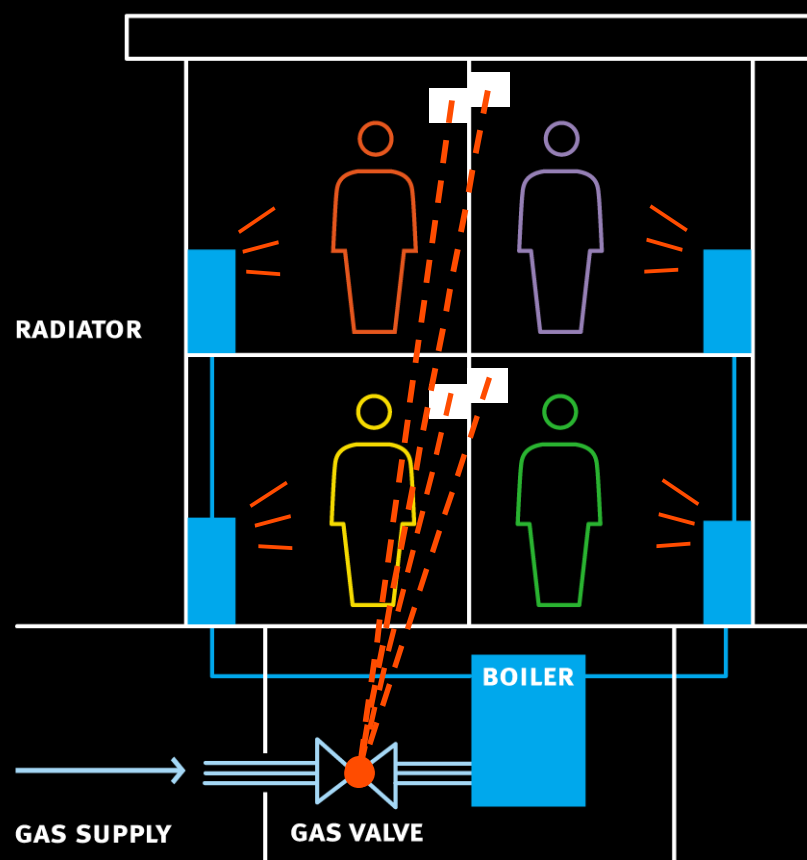


- Thermostat measures room temperature
- Microprocessor adjusts gas flow to boiler
- Temperature in house is regulated

But what if there are personal preferences?



# “PREFERENCE ENHANCED” TEMPERATURE CONTROL

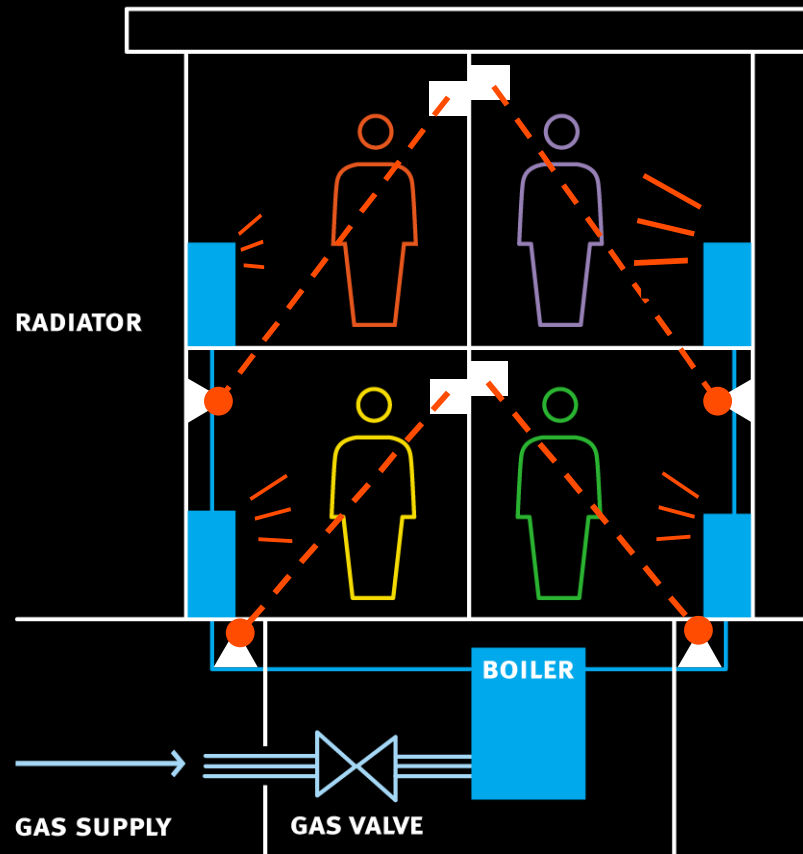


- Adjustable thermostat in each room
- Each thermostat can influence the gas valve adjustment
- “Best” average heat based on personal needs

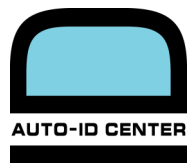
Would like each person to have their own (customised) heating!



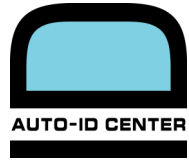
## “CUSTOMISED” TEMPERATURE CONTROL



- Individual (distributed) control strategy for each room (person)
- Optimal use of resources
- Adaptable to changing circumstances



# **AUTO-ID CONTROL RESEARCH**



## AUTO-ID CONTROL RESEARCH

- Aim
  - a) To develop control systems which extract maximum benefit from the availability of auto id data and
  - b) To demonstrate their application



## PRODUCT AND RESOURCE SENSORS

- 2 classes of sensed data

Operational Data:

Status, Load, Position, Temp



Product data:

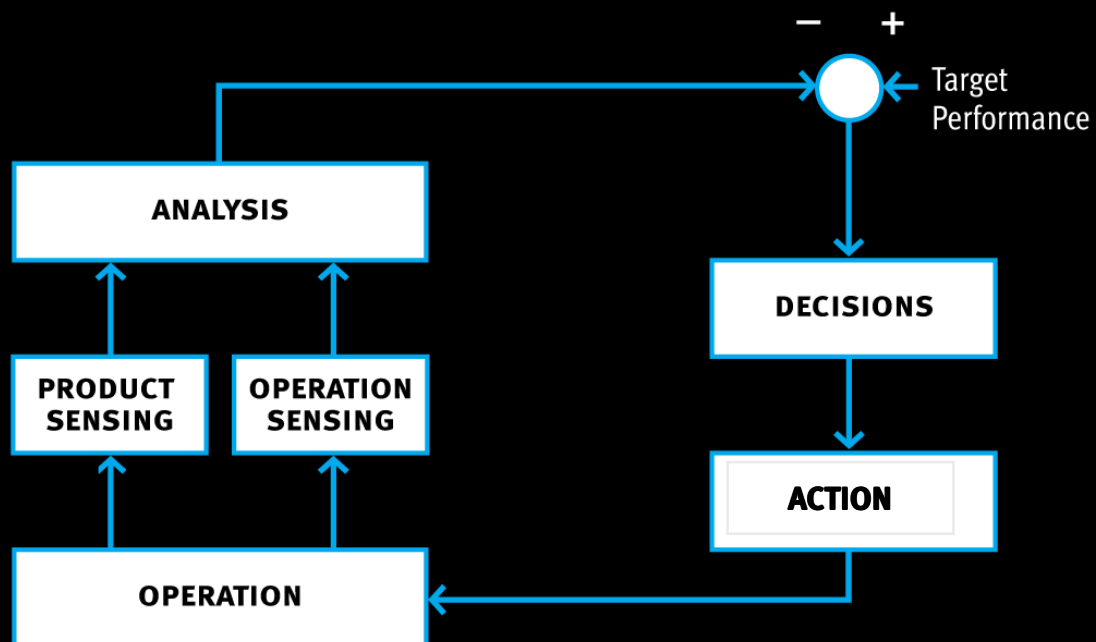
ID, Location



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# AUTO-ID ENHANCED CONTROL SYSTEM

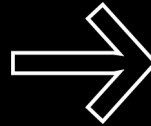


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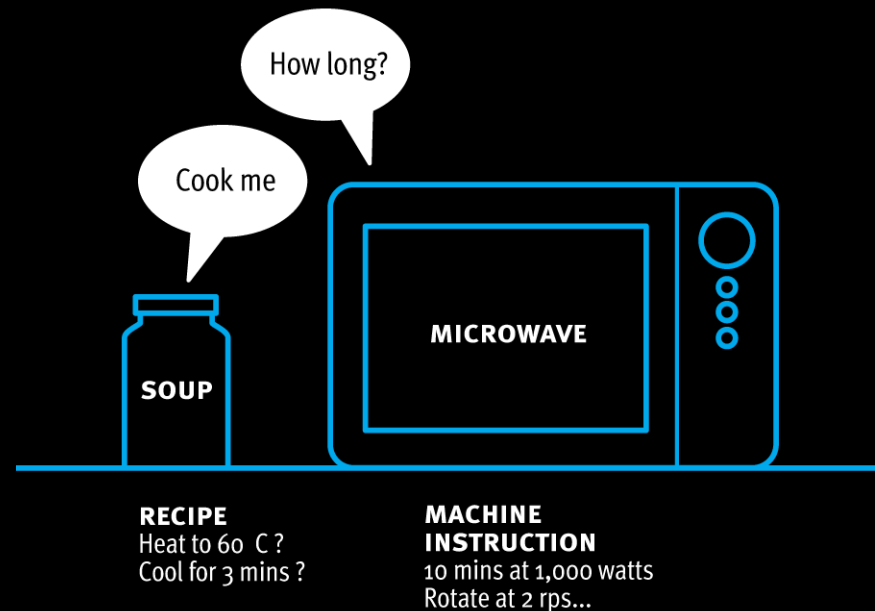
## AUTO-ID CONTROL RESEARCH

Individual preferences  
using conventional control

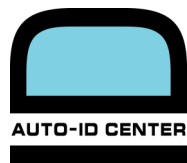


Auto-ID Enhanced Control

- Combination of Auto-ID and other sensed data
- Accessing PML files for
  - product data
  - product history
  - product requirements (recipes)

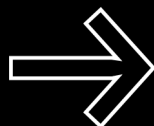






## AUTO-ID CONTROL RESEARCH

Individual preferences  
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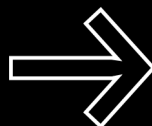
Auto-ID-Enhanced Control

- Combination of Auto-ID and other sensed data
- Accessing PML files for
  - product data
  - product history
  - product requirements (recipes)
- Information into aggregated form for control system



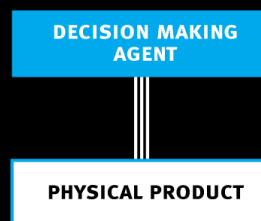
## AUTO-ID CONTROL RESEARCH

Customised control driven by  
individual preferences



Auto-ID-Driven Control

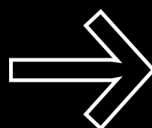
- Introducing product specific control  
– intelligent products





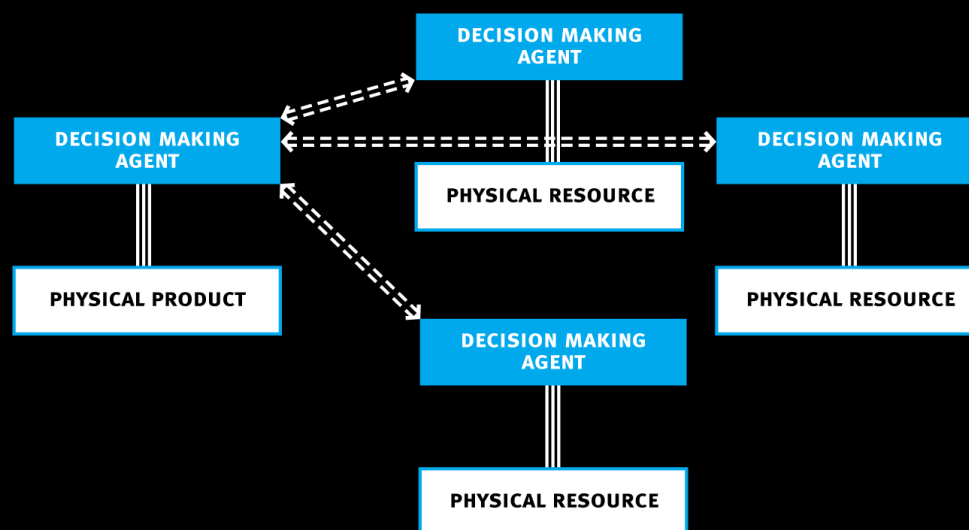
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Customised control driven by  
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Auto-ID-Driven Control

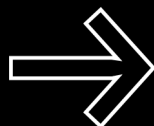
- Introducing product specific control  
– intelligent products
- Ability to customise control via  
product / resource negotiations





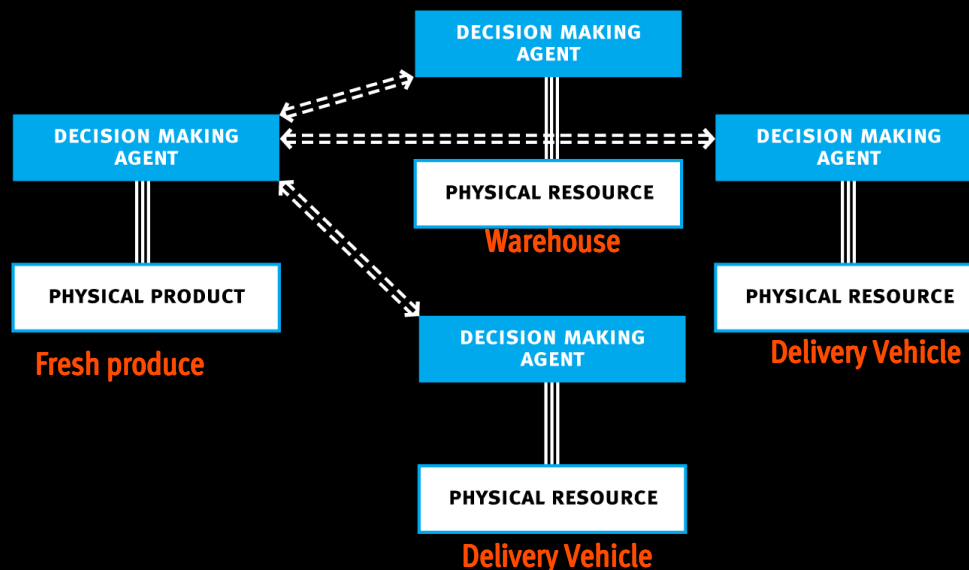
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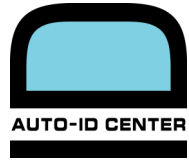
Customised control driven by  
individual preferences



Auto-ID-Driven Control

- Introducing product specific control – intelligent products
- Ability to customise control via product / resource negotiations
- Distributed solutions for manufacturing control, fleet optimisation, shelf management, domestic control





# **HOW WILL WE DEVELOP AUTO-ID BASED CONTROL?**

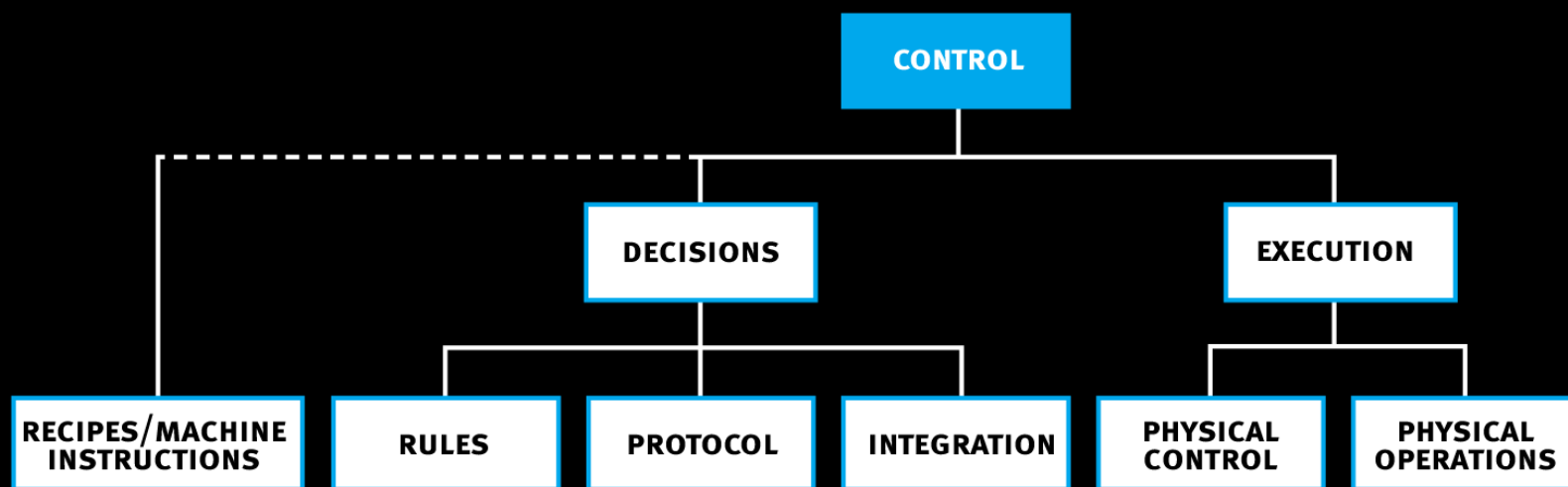


## RESEARCH APPROACH

- New Methods
  - Specification and interpretation of recipes
  - Control system rules and protocols
- Compatibility with existing Systems
- Demonstrations
  - Illustrative applications
  - Guidelines

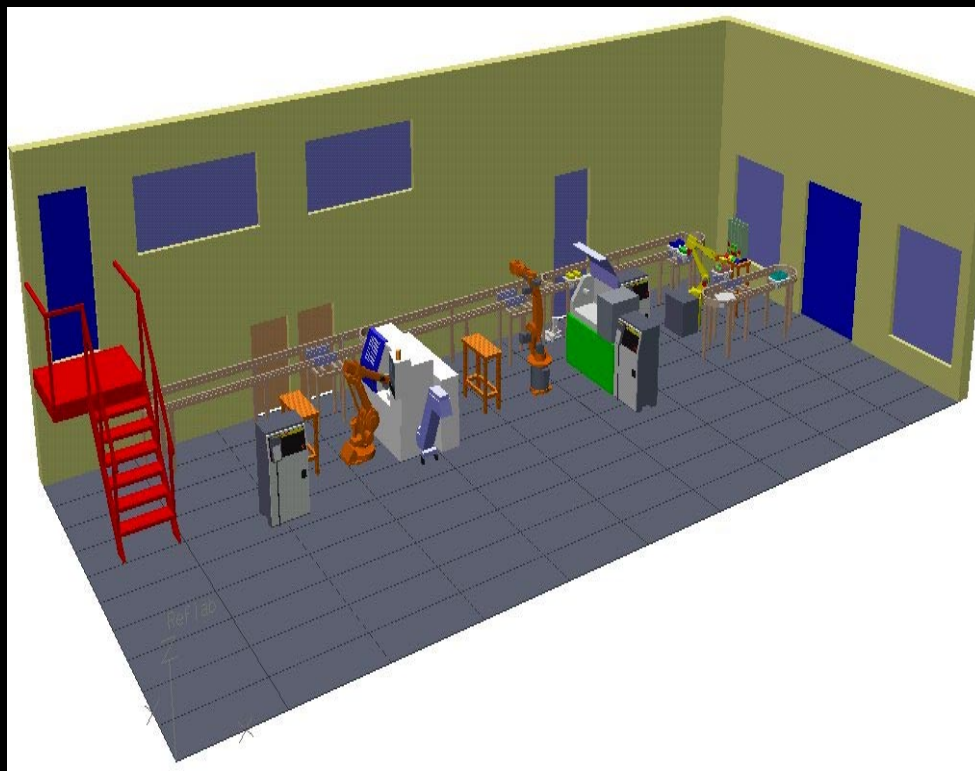


# RESEARCH STRUCTURE



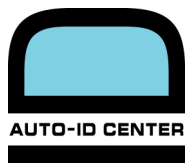


## DEMONSTRATOR - OVERVIEW

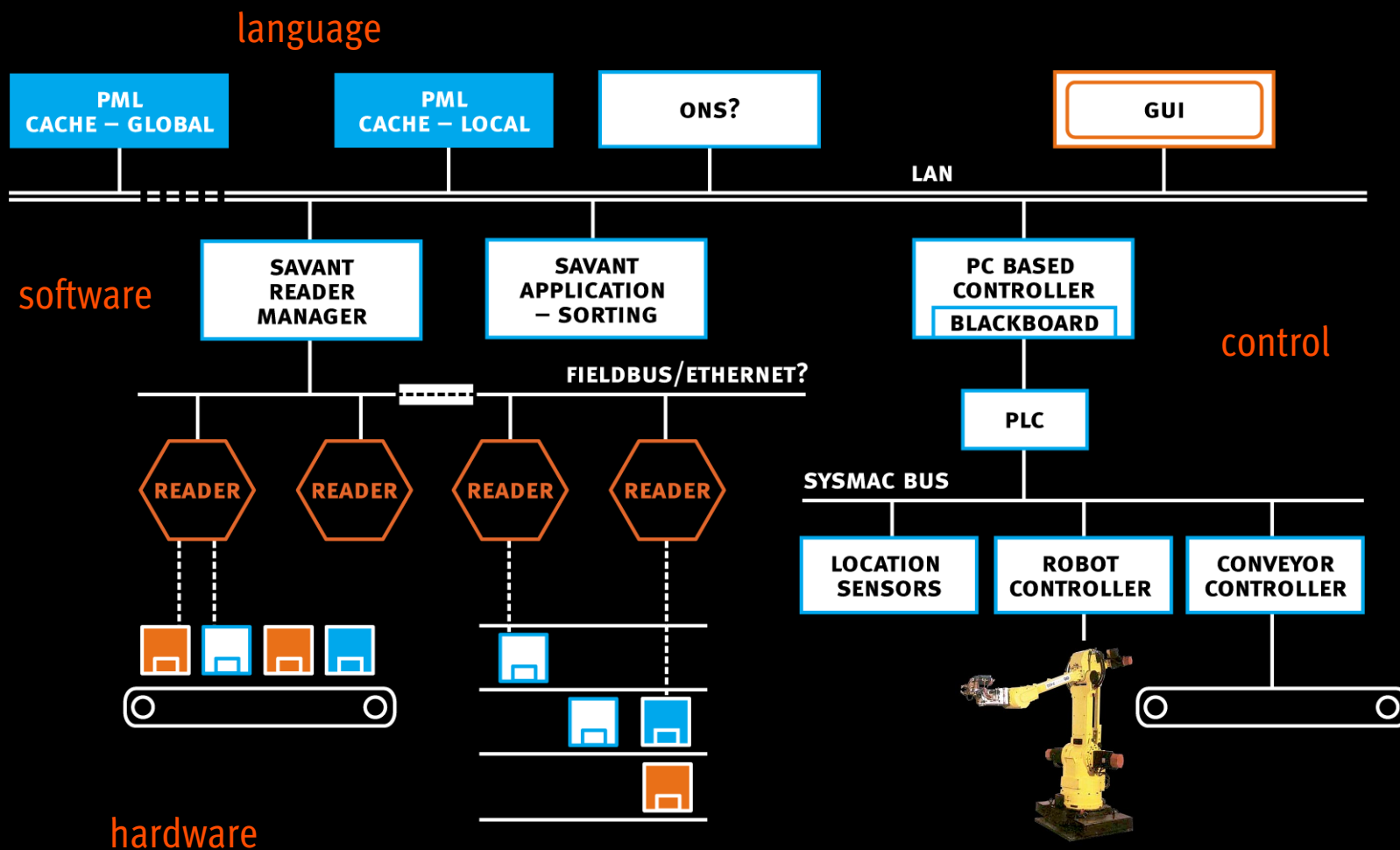


- Phase 1  
Auto-ID enhanced packing and storage (conventional control)
- Phase 2  
Auto-ID Driven packing and storage (distributed, intelligent control)
- Phase 3  
Auto-ID Driven mini supply chain (distributed, intelligent control)

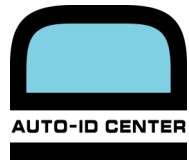




# DEMONSTRATOR - SYSTEMS ARCHITECTURE



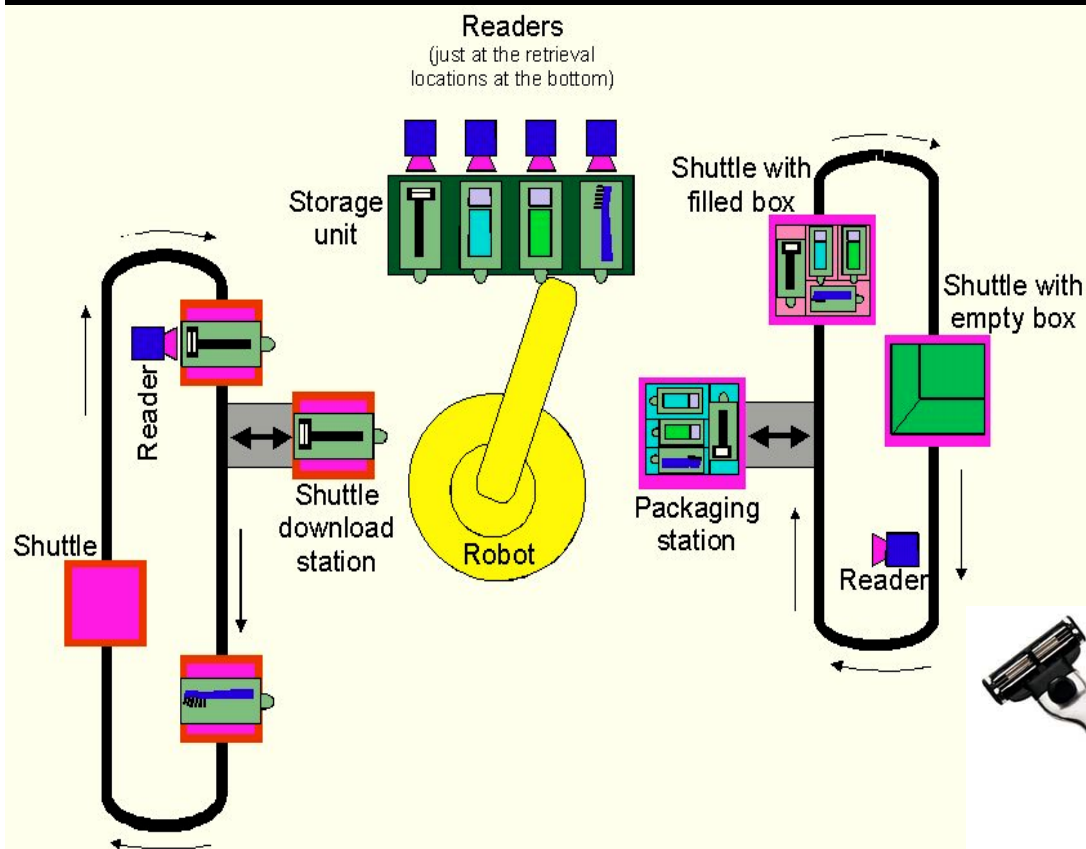
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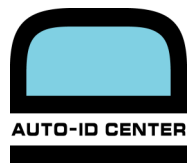
## DEMONSTRATOR - PHASE 1

- Phase 1

Auto-ID enhanced packing and storage (conventional control)

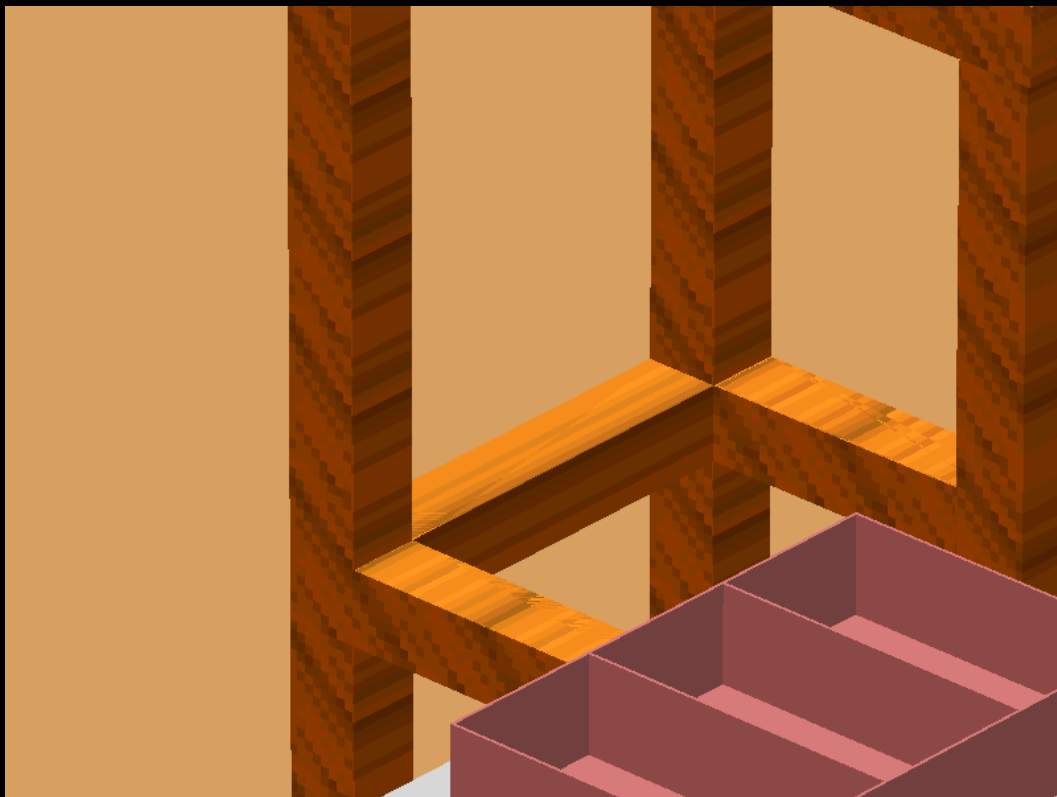


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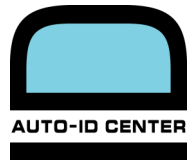


## DEMONSTRATOR - PHASE 1

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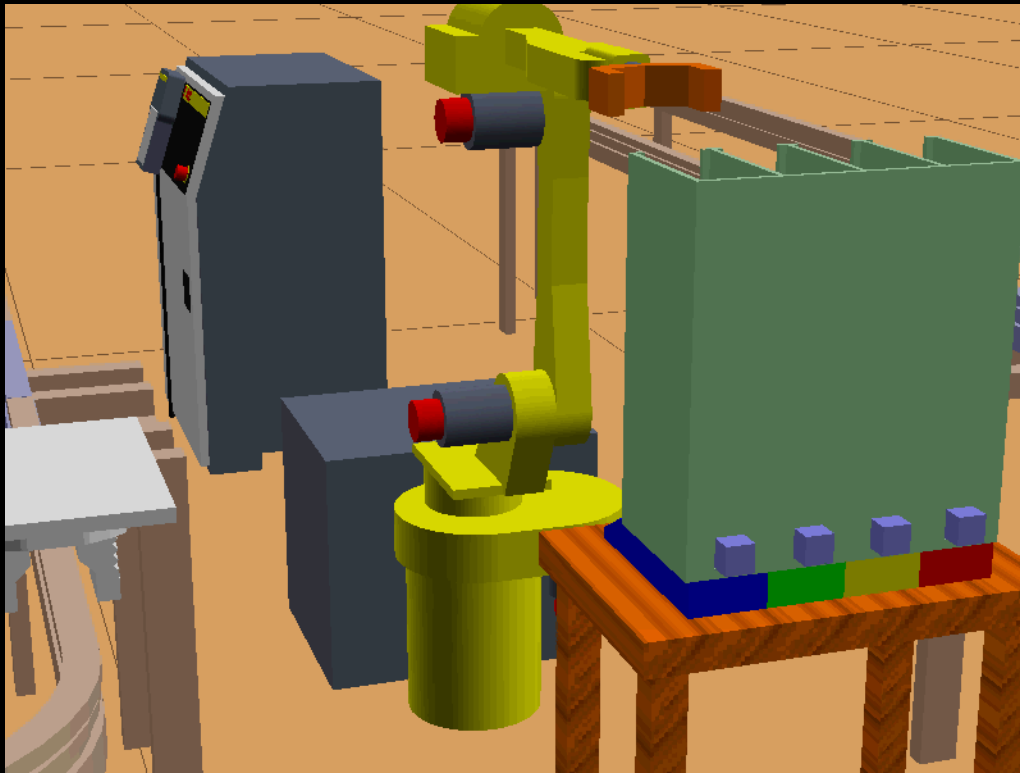


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## DEMONSTRATOR - PHASE 1

- Phase 1  
Auto-ID enhanced packing  
and storage (conventional control)
- Aims  
To demonstrate that Auto ID  
infrastructure can be integrated  
into closed loop control



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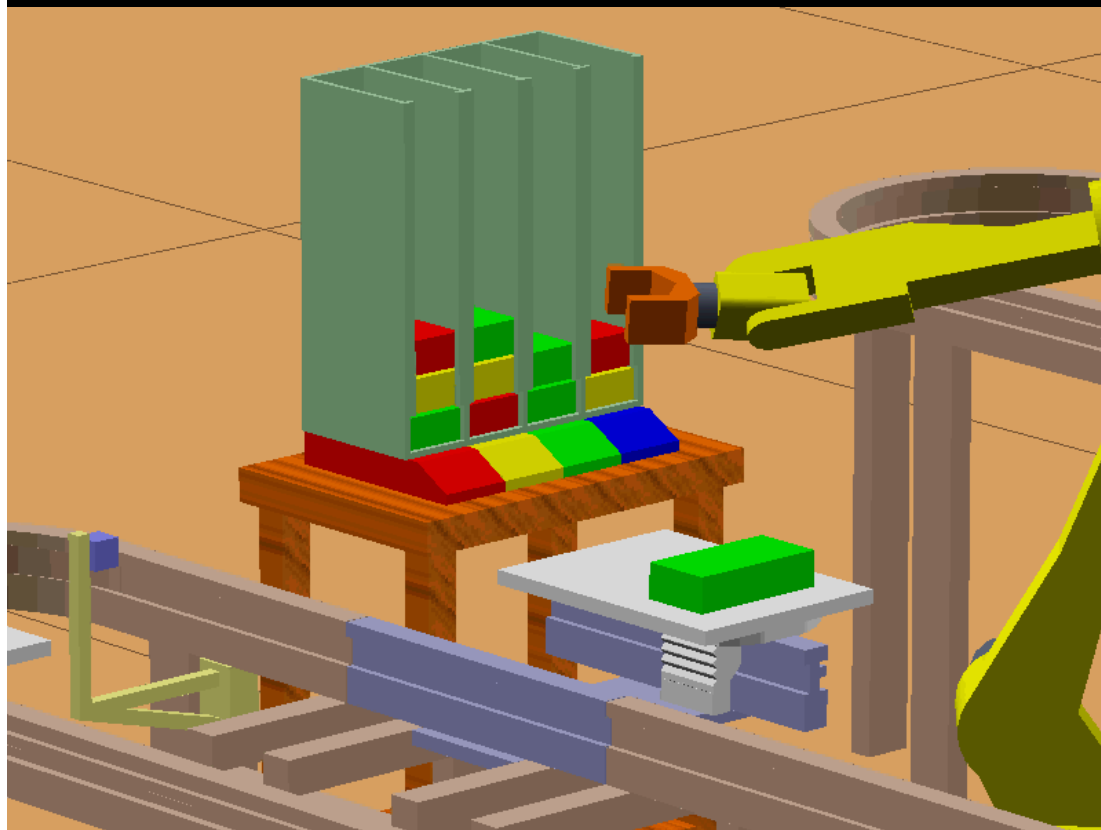
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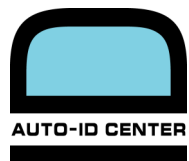
### Aims

To demonstrate that Auto ID infrastructure can be integrated into closed loop control

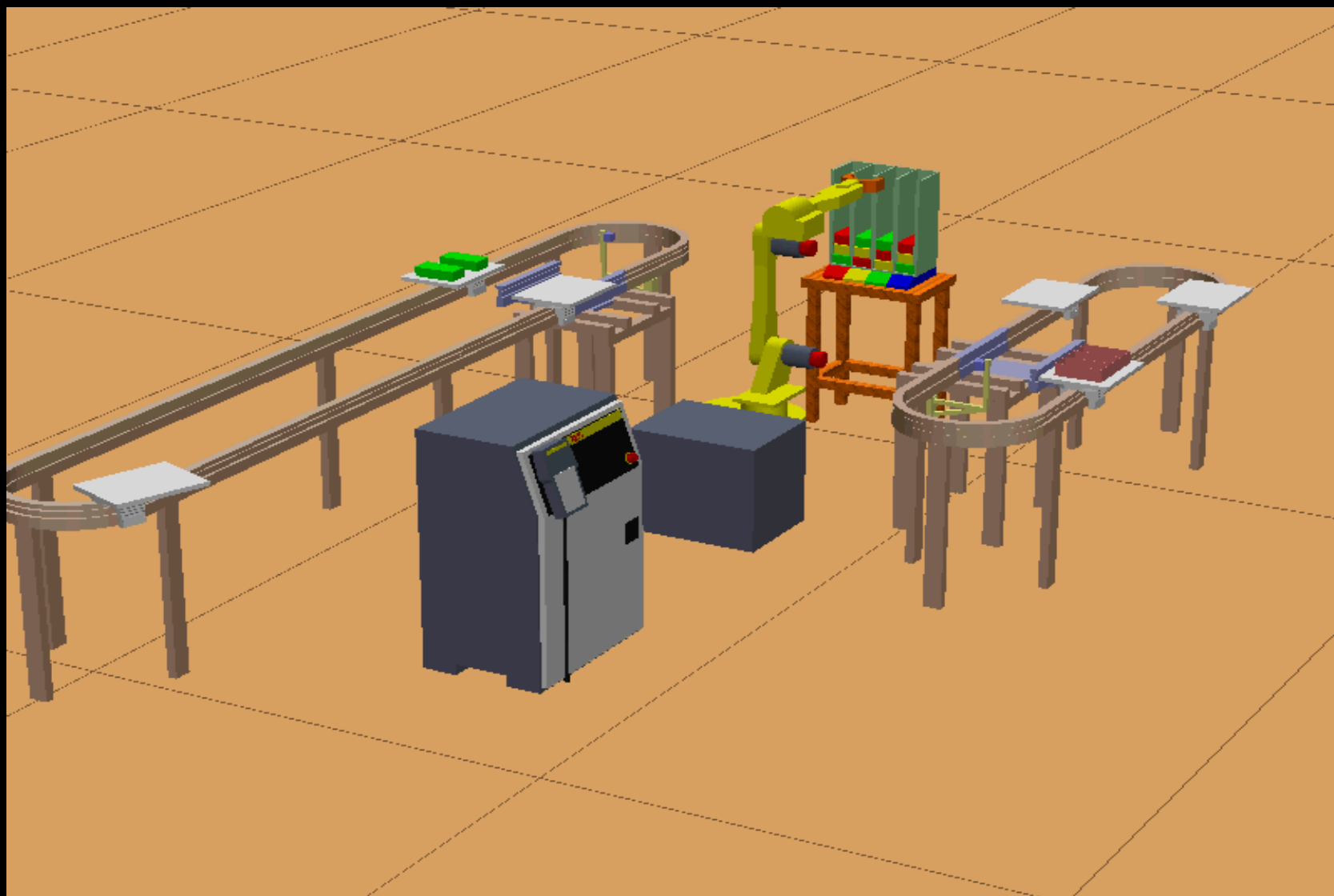
To demonstrate that effective packing can be achieved when raw materials supply is random and varying



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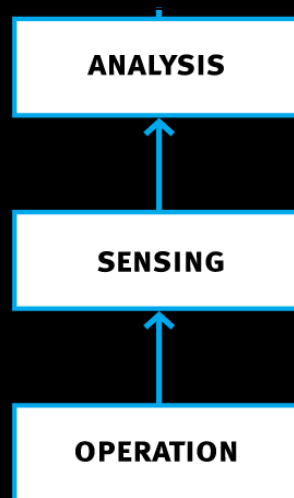


## DEMONSTRATOR - PHASE 1





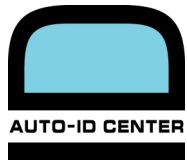
## EXAMPLE: RETAIL SHELF MANAGEMENT



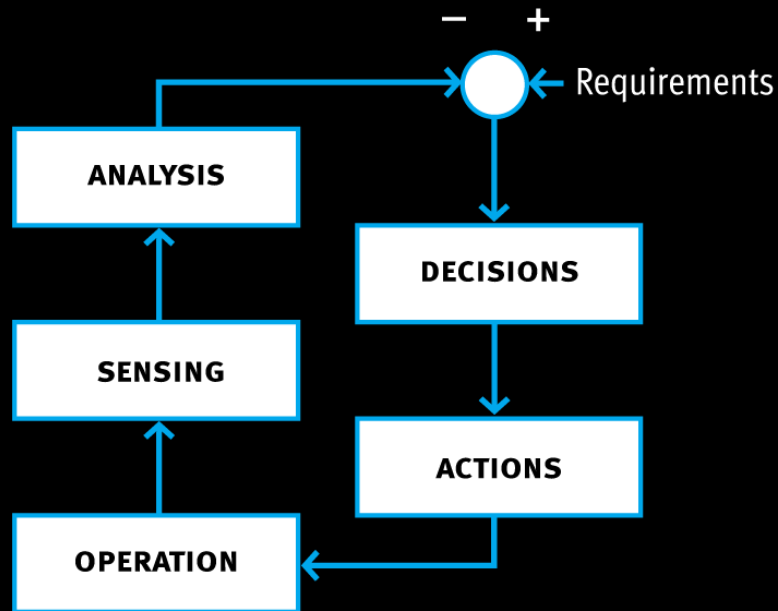
- Operation – products available on shelves
- Sensing – stock levels, removal rates, POS data
- Analysis – estimated stock out times, removal patterns



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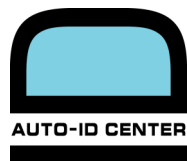


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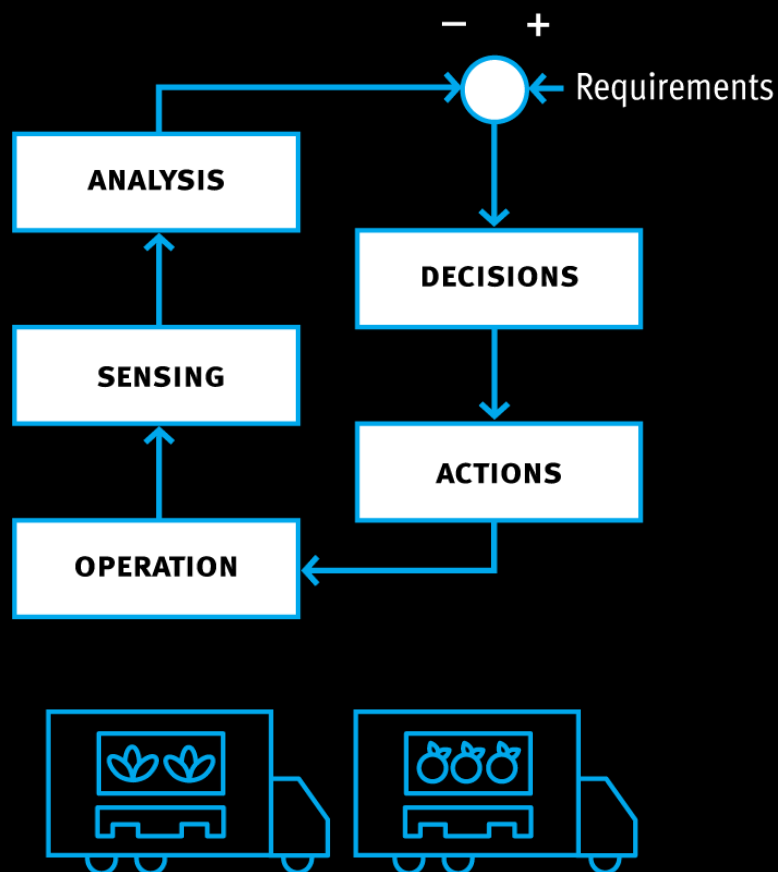


- Operation – products available on shelves
- Sensing – stock levels, removal rates, POS data
- Analysis – estimated stock out times, removal patterns
- Requirements – zero stock outs, no abnormal removals
- Decision – replenishment & reordering planning, theft detection
- Action – replenishment, security alert

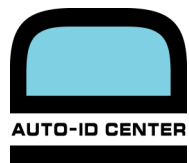




## EXAMPLE: CONTROL OF A DISTRIBUTION FLEET



- Operation – delivering food products to retailer outlets
- Sensing – truck location, load mix & condition
- Analysis – overall fleet status
- Requirements – (changing) retailer needs
- Decision – (re)scheduling, rerouting planning
- Action – directions to individual vehicles with new targets



# QUESTIONS?